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12		COURT OF	GAA ARODANA
13	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT OF CALIFORNIA		
14	EASTERN DISTRICT - SACRAMENTO		
15	Joy Garner, individually and on behalf of The Control Group; Joy Elisse Garner, individually	Case No.: 2:	20-CV-02470-WBS-JDP
16	and as parent of J.S. and F.G.; Evan Glasco, individually and as parent of F.G.; Traci Music,	PETITIONE	RS' RESPONSE TO
17	individually and as parent of K.M. and J.S.,		NT'S OBJECTION TO SUBMITTED IN SUPPORT OF
18	Michael Harris, individually and as parent of S.H., Nicole Harris, individually and as parent of S.H.,	MOTION FOR PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION	
19			
20	Petitioners,) 	
21	V.)	Date: Time:	February 22, 2021 1:30 PM
22	PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF	Courtroom: Judge:	5 William B. Shubb
23	AMERICA in his official capacity,		
24	Respondent.) 	
25			
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27) }	
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PETITIONERS' RESPONSE TO OBJECTION TO EVIDENCE ISO PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION

Introduction

The extraordinary weight of the authoritative documents for judicial notice focus this case with an authoritative record. As detailed in the requests, Petitioners request judicial notice for one or the other reason:

- (1) **Truth.** Certain exhibits are offered for "truth" of the matter stated, such as vital statistics from the CDC about disease rates and vaccine uptake in the United States.
 - * When a statement is offered for truth, the request always says so explicitly as the preface to the statement or fact, such as PRJN2-25B, "For the truth of the matter stated, Petitioners request judicial notice that 'the CDC buys and sells vaccines every year."
- (2) Proof The Statement Was Made. Most exhibits are simply offered for the fact the statement was made in a publication relied upon by public health authorities. Petitioners intend to offer these authoritative exhibits during pre-trial motions and at trial to evidence the current state of public health in America, including the often blatant cognitive dissonance of public health authorities on the subject of vaccination (i.e., where they say "safe" and "unsafe" simultaneously).
 - * When an exhibit is offered for proof the statement was made, the request says so, such as PRJN2-9B, "For recognition of a commonly known fact to public health officials familiar with the matter, Petitioners request judicial notice of the following description of "statistical significance" published by the National Institutes of Health:..."

Response to Objection No. 1:

Respondent's general objection to "all scientific articles..." is firstly ironic. Why would Respondent try to prevent this Court from examining scientific statements relied upon by public health authorities?

In any case, Respondent's two cited authorities are insufficient to overcome Petitioners' scores of authorities in the moving papers. Petitioners concur with Respondent's citation to "Ass'n of Irritated Residents v. Fred Schakel Dairy, No. 1:05-cv-00707-OWW-SMS, 2008 WL 850136, at

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*4 n.4 (E.D. Cal. March 28, 2008) (rejecting request for judicial notice of draft government report and scientific articles because such matters were subject to dispute)."

However, because most of these exhibits are offered solely for proof the statement was made in a publication relied upon by public health authorities, Respondent cannot reasonably dispute that fact. Indeed, the Requests for Judicial Notice were carefully prepared so that every exhibit comes from a published scientific consensus document (i.e., top medical journals and dictionaries, the official authoritative records of American public health agencies, and the public records (*e.g.*, census data, national health data) relied upon by those public health agencies in setting public health policy).

Respondent cites no authority for his contention that a scientific consensus document for judicial notice requires a foundation beyond its publication. Regardless, each of Petitioners' expert declarations states the expert reviewed the requests for judicial notice as part of their analysis.

Response to Objection No. 2:

Petitioners concur with Respondent's initial statement, "With respect to items that are published on federal government websites, Defendant does not object to taking judicial notice of the fact that they were published on such websites...."

But Petitioners dispute the Respondent's remaining conclusion, "... but objects to drawing any conclusions therefrom by judicial notice."

Even if it were possible to delineate Respondent's meaning of the phrase "conclusions therefrom," it does not matter. The documents say what they say, period. Expert witnesses reviewing the documents are entitled to draw conclusions therefrom.

Response to Objection No. 3:

Petitioner Joy Garner's eye witness testimony is admissible. Respondent's attempt to silence this litigant must fail, because:

A. Direct Fact Witness; Hearsay Exception. Joy is a direct fact witness reporting her pilot survey results gathered for this litigation. Her observations are admissible. Indeed, a significant portion of Joy's declaration is devoted to describing her method of collecting the survey results as admissible evidence for this litigation. For supporting authorities, see Petitioner's Motion for

Preliminary Injunction, ECF 16-1, marked page 17 of 29, lines 6-7 ("Pilot surveys are routinely admitted into evidence and recognized by trial courts for proof of matters to a claim. [citations in main brief]"). And for factual confirmation of the hearsay exceptions, *see* the Garner Declaration, ECF 16-7, paragraph 18A-F, carefully describing the business records of then-existing physical conditions (i.e., medical diagnoses, age) and then-existing mental state (i.e., confidence rating).

B. Obvious Observations, Simple Analysis. Regarding analysis and conclusions, Joy is also an uncontradicted expert (as Respondent produced no expert on surveying unvaccinated people, because the government admits it has never conducted a survey of unvaccinated people). Moreover, as Joy wrote in her declaration, "All of the math can easily be replicated for verification, and much of it is no more complex than the math most people learned (or should have learned) in the 5th grade.... Because *none* of our institutions have been willing to apply the *most* fundamental, actually the most critical and only relevant scientific method required to numerically determine the risks associated with vaccine exposure (which absolutely requires a comparison of health outcomes between *entirely unexposed* 'controls' and the vaccinated 'herd') it was necessary for a private Citizen to take up the task in order to arrive at the correct answers." Garner Declaration, ECF 16-7, ¶¶ 7 and 10. Even if this Court finds that Joy is not an expert, her analysis still stands for its description of her survey methods.

C. Supported by Experts. Joy is supported by over five PhD and doctor experts who have provided detailed declarations citing and approving her work. One of those experts is a PhD with expertise in the subject of surveys, whose declaration is a 'survey validation' declaration devoted to Joy's evidence and analysis. Accordingly, even if this Court finds that Joy is not an expert, her survey data and write up are still admissible as litigation survey information normally relied upon by experts.

D. Independently Validated. Joy's data and analysis was also independently validated by a professional statistician, who reached the same results using two separate statistical methods (frequentist and Bayesian). This is documented with a 60-page scientific report in Petitioner's Offer of Proof (ECF 31-1) filed February 15, 2021. This further supports the reliability and admissibility of the evidence.

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1	Conclusion			
2	Based on the foregoing, Petitioners respectfully request this Court admit the evidence for th			
3	specific purposes stated.			
4	Dated: February 18, 2021			
5				
6	Respectfully submitted			
7	K ATh			
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